## Art Knowledge Organiser Year 4 - Term 3 <br> Still Life



Still Life art is defined as having an arrangement of static, inanimate objects as its subject. Often, mundane, everyday objects like food, wine, fruit and vegetables are used. This genre of art can be a celebration of these objects, or used as the basis for more meaningful and in-depth themes. From Monet's 19th Century impressionism, through the Cubism of Picasso all the way to contemporary works such as Andy Warhol's representations of consumer culture, Still Life has survived as a popular art form for hundreds of years.

| Key Vocabulary |  |
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| Mixed-media | Describes artwork composed of a combination of different <br> media or materials. |
| Composition | The position and arrangement of shapes within a piece of art. |
| Line | Element of art which refers to the mark(s) made on a surface <br> by a moving point. |
| Shape | Element of art that refers to an enclosed area of 2-D or 3-D <br> space that is defined by its external edge. |
| Colour | The quality that is observed when light strikes a surface and is <br> reflected to the eyes; different wavelengths of light create <br> different colours. <br> The size of an object or a part in relation to the whole. |
| Proportion | Element of art that refers to the perceived surface quality or <br> "feel" of an object. |
| Texture | The elements of shape among various other elements that <br> make up a work of art. |
| Form | How light or dark a colour is. Each colour has an indefinite <br> number of tones. |
| Tone | The subject matter category in which the main purpose of <br> the artwork is to show inanimate objects. |
| Still life | The areas of space that are in and around the subject matter. |
| Negative space | The part of the picture that appears closest to the viewer. |
| Foreground | The part of the picture that appears farthest from the viewer <br> (usually the top of the picture). |
| Background |  |

